

## GEO. S. BOUTWELL DEAD

FRIENDS OF PRESIDENT LINCOLN

Great Bostonian Statesman Dies at the Age of Eighty-Seven Years—Governor, Senator and Cabinet Officer.

Boston, Feb. 28.—After an illness of a few days, George Sewall Boutwell, former governor of Massachusetts, and former United States secretary of the treasury, died at his home here yesterday, aged eighty-seven. He was stricken with pneumonia last Friday and, owing to his extreme age, was unable to rally.

Mr. Boutwell began his public career as a lecturer at the age of nineteen. At twenty-four he was elected to the Massachusetts Legislature and at thirty-three he was chosen governor of the state. He was a personal friend of President Lincoln.

Mr. Boutwell was an outspoken abolitionist. He served in the national House of Representatives from 1862 to 1865, inclusive, and was a member of the commission which reported the fourteenth amendment and conducted the debate in the house. He was secretary of the treasury in President Grant's first cabinet. In 1878 Mr. Boutwell was elected to the United States Senate, where he served for six years.

Mr. Boutwell was among the most prominent opponents of the Spanish war. In fact, so strong was his conviction that after war was declared he left the Republican party and with the formation of the Anti-Imperialist League became its president, which office he held at the time of his death.

Mr. Boutwell was the author of many books on politics and finances.

Mr. Boutwell was born at Brookline, Massachusetts, January 25, 1818, and for more than sixty years had been in public life.

Although elected to state offices as a Democrat, Mr. Boutwell became active in the organization of the Republican party.

Mr. Boutwell was made first commissioner of the new internal revenue department in 1862. Soon afterward he was elected to congress and served there until Grant made him Secretary of the Treasury. Five years after leaving the cabinet he was elected to the senate.

In the last presidential campaign he supported Judge Alton B. Parker.

Of late years he had devoted himself to writing and the practice of law.

## Monster Reservoir Planned.

Denver, Feb. 28.—The Cheesman dam of the Denver city water works has been considered a marvel of the world in water dam construction, but it is to become a pipsy if the plans for a reservoir, the plans for which were laid yesterday, are carried out. The plans are for the Two Forks reservoir and were laid in the office of the state engineer. This dam is to be constructed below the north and south forks of the South Platte river, and will be both Douglas and Jefferson counties. The station house of the Colorado & Southern at South Platte is in plain sight of the proposed reservoir.

C. P. Allen and J. E. Maloney, both of Denver, made the filing. Both are civil engineers and Mr. Allen was formerly engineer with the Denver Union Water Company, which built the Cheesman dam. Work was started on the new enterprise on January 18th.

This dam is to have a capacity of 7,768,000,000 gallons of water, or one and one-third billions more gallons than is contained in Lake Cheesman. The face of the dam will be 256 feet from the ground to the top, which is forty-four feet higher than the other dam. Its total length will be 798 feet.

Water is claimed in the Platte river for storage, domestic, mechanical, power and other purposes specified. It is claimed that the project is well financed and that the dam will be constructed.

## Large Incorporation Fee.

Denver, Feb. 28.—Colorado secured a pretty financial plum yesterday by the filing of articles of incorporation of the Great Western Sugar Company of New Jersey. The filing fee amounted to \$9,025, and there is yet a flat tax to be collected, amounting to another thousand.

The Great Western Sugar Company is the owner of numerous sugar factories in the northern district of Colorado, at least it controls the stock of several factories built by Messrs. Morley and Bottcher of this city. The capital stock of this company, which was organized in New Jersey several years ago, is \$20,000,000. The Colorado fee for filing is \$30 for the first \$50,000 of capitalization and 30 cents a thousand for each \$1,000 thereafter.

The object of the filing was to designate C. S. Morley as the company's agent in Colorado, and to name Denver as the place of principal business and location of offices in the state.

## Japanese Pushing Forward.

Mukden, Feb. 28.—The Russian report that the Japanese are in possession of Taling, and also the pass between Taling and Katouling. The possession of Taling, threatens Fushun, Tieling and Hingway. Taling is regarded as of the same consequence to the Japanese in their operations against Mukden as was Moukden in relation to Liao Yang. In case the Japanese push on from the south-east, their operations will be among the hills.

The Japanese crossed the Shaho river Sunday evening, having driven in the pickets of the Russian vanguard. On the right flank all is quiet, but movements of the Japanese indicate an intention of attacking the Russian center, at least in the way of demonstrations. Heavy firing continued to the eastward.

## Revolt in Poland.

Warsaw, Feb. 28.—According to reliable information reaching Warsaw, the Polish peasant revolt, in view of the fact that the peasants number 7,000,000 out of a total population of 10,000,000, will, if it spreads, result in disorder far greater than anything that has arisen during the present agitation.

## DOINGS AT WASHINGTON

The river and harbor bill as passed by the House carries appropriations to the amount of \$17,234,667.

The Senate in executive session ratified and made public a treaty between practically all nations for the exemption of hospital ships in time of war from the payment of all duties and taxes.

Secretary Hay has received from the Portuguese government a cordial acceptance and firm approval of the secretary's note of January 13th inviting the attendance of the powers to the principle of the integrity of China.

Representative Brooks and Hogg have been assured by Republican leaders in the house that the pending Philippine bill proposing to reduce the tariff on Philippine sugar will not become a law at this session. While the bill will be brought to the House, there is not time for its consideration, though it seems probable a similar bill will be passed at the next session.

The House passed the Philippine tariff bill, practically as it came from the committee and with but little discussion. There was no special opposition to it, although amendments coming from the Democratic side designed to put certain products on the free list met with defeat. An effort to prohibit the importation of opium into the islands, except for medical purposes, also failed.

Secretary Hitchcock is quoted by Representative Campbell as having stated that whether there is legislation or not touching the famous Foster oil lease, the vested interests of the people holding under that lease will be protected after March, 1906, the date of the expiration of the lease. This information was in answer to an offer of \$1,000,000 for the lease submitted by Mr. Campbell for certain of his constituents.

Secretary Taft has transmitted to the House a statement showing the total cost of the joint encampments and maneuvers of the militia and regular army for the past year. The maneuvers at Manassas, Virginia, cost the state militia organizations \$484,043, and the regular army \$105,156. In California the cost to the militia was \$24,900, and the army \$9,870. In Washington state the military expended \$26,732, and the army \$9,471. The statement contains an item of \$13,608 for Pullman car fare for officers.

The naval appropriation bill as agreed upon by the Senate committee carries \$100,336,873, an increase of \$422,620 over the House bill. For increasing the number of petty officers and men of the marine corps, \$305,000 is added. The limit of cost of the colliers and scout cruisers authorized by the last naval appropriation bill are increased to \$1,450,000 and \$2,000,000, respectively. The limit of cost of the sailing training vessels authorized by the act of March 3, 1903, is increased to \$410,000 each.

Although not figuring formally in the various tentative efforts by the powers to bring about peace between Russia and Japan, this government has kept in close touch with developments along this direction. To make any official statement of what it has done on its own account might be ill advised, owing to the extreme sensitiveness of both belligerents, but it may be safely said that, while peace is not regarded as immediately at hand, at least foundations have been laid for negotiations that will bring the principles together in the end and it will probably be found that the United States has had some share in this work.

The secretary of state has called to the attention of the Department of Justice certain bodies of men in Mobile, Alabama, who are said to be engaged in a filibustering expedition against Guatemala. This action has been taken at the suggestion of the Guatemalan government, which represents that an American port was being used as a base of hostile operations against a friendly nation, and that the men, who were represented to be merely laborers going to develop a railroad concession, were really part of a force recruited in the United States to initiate a revolutionary movement in Guatemala. The State Department has asked the Department of Justice to make an inquiry and if need be to take the necessary steps to thwart the movement.

The conferees on the army appropriation bill perfected an agreement which covers all points of difference. The amendment regarded as most important is that affecting the pay of retired officers and involving the pay of general Miles, which at present is the full pay of a lieutenant general. The effect of the agreement as to General Miles is to give him full retired pay, without reference to any compensation he may receive for service on the staff of the governor of Massachusetts. The provision agreed on reads: "That retired officers of the army above the grade of major, as heretofore or hereafter assigned to active duty, shall hereafter receive their full retired pay and shall receive no further pay or allowances from the United States; provided, further, that a colonel or lieutenant so assigned shall receive the full pay and allowances of the major on the active list."

The bill for the government of the Panama canal zone, which passed the Senate is a House bill. It was amended in several important respects by the Senate, notably in eliminating the provision for abolishing the canal commission. The measure will now go to conference if the amendments are not accepted by the House. The bill is temporary in character, its provisions expiring at the end of the first regular session of the next Congress. It vests in the President authority to appoint a person or persons to govern the canal zone and the President is given further authority to direct the manner of such control. All rentals and other income from the Panama railroad are to be credited to the treasury canal fund and the President is authorized to deposit \$1,500,000 in an American bank having a fiscal agent on the isthmus of Panama, for the purpose of facilitating business. Authority is given to acquire by purchase or condemnation the remaining 1,039 shares of the stock of the Panama Railroad Company for the benefit of the government.

## KANSAS VS. COLORADO

TESTIMONY AT WASHINGTON

Use of Water for Irrigation as Opposed to the Old Common Law Doctrine of Riparian Rights.

Washington, Feb. 26.—Hearings in the case of Kansas versus Colorado were commenced yesterday.

Attorney General Miller, Judge Hayt and C. C. Dawson were present on behalf of Colorado. S. H. Ashbaugh represented Kansas, and A. C. Campbell represented the government.

The following witnesses testified: Delegate Roder, Representative Bell of California and Jones of Washington, and George H. Maxwell of the National Irrigation association.

Delegate Roder testified in effect that there had been reclaimed by irrigation in New Mexico about 1,600,000 acres, and that about 5,000,000 acres could be added by impounding and using flood and other waters which now go to waste. That this land, if reclaimed, would support several millions of population, and that if the contention of Kansas was sustained, large parts of the already irrigated area would be rendered arid and uninhabitable, and there would be practically no future development in New Mexico along agricultural or horticultural lines.

Representative Jones stated that while it was true that the supreme court of his state had decided that the doctrine of riparian rights prevailed there, yet that such doctrine was not enforced in the arid sections of the state, and if enforced the result would be that lands which are now irrigated would be greatly damaged, if not destroyed, and that several hundred thousand acres of land in the arid section, which are capable of irrigation, would forever remain unproductive and uninhabitable, and that under such doctrine the reclamation act could not be enforced in his state. Further, that the legislature of Washington was now considering a bill which would in effect make the reclamation act operative.

Representative Bell stated, among other things, that from 12,000,000 to 15,000,000 acres could be added to the irrigated area in California, thus increasing its wealth many millions of dollars and adding to its population many millions, but that no future development could be made if the doctrine of riparian rights, as contended for by Kansas, was sustained and applied in his state.

Mr. Maxwell stated that under the reclamation act and under the doctrine of appropriation of water of streams for beneficial uses, about 150,000,000 acres of lands now arid and unproductive in the arid region, could be made productive and profitable, and placed in a high state of cultivation, but that no future development could be had in the arid regions, nor could the policy of the government as seen in the reclamation act be enforced, if the contention of Kansas was sustained.

## SIMPLON TUNNEL FINISHED.

One of the Greatest Engineering Works the World Has Ever Known.

Gondo, Switzerland, Feb. 26.—Piercing of the Simplon tunnel through the Alps was completed at 7:20 o'clock Friday morning. The work was commenced in 1898.

Many unexpected obstacles were encountered, the most serious being hot springs, which threatened to wreck the whole enterprise, and a temperature which at one time rose to 131 degrees Fahrenheit, making a continuance of the work impossible until the engineers found means of cooling the atmosphere.

Now that the borers have met, it will enable the water accumulated in the north gallery to be drawn off. The work of preparing the tunnel for a permanent railway will be rushed as rapidly as possible and it is hoped to inaugurate the tunnel about March 20th.

The piercing of the Simplon is regarded as being one of the greatest engineering achievements of the age. Many difficulties were encountered and overcome.

The length of the tunnel from Briga, in Switzerland, to Iselle, on the Italian side of the mountain, is about twelve miles. Work was begun over seven years ago, and according to contract the tunnel must be ready for traffic May 15th next. The Swiss and Italian governments jointly financed the undertaking, share and share alike, at the cost of \$15,000,000.

As soon as the boring is thoroughly completed and the track laid, a smaller tunnel is to be constructed, parallel to the large one, which will be increased in size so as to permit of traffic both ways at the same time.

## Great New Orleans Fire.

New Orleans, Feb. 27.—Fire involving millions of dollars' loss in physical property and that strikes a serious blow to the commerce of the city, swept the river front last night and wiped out the vast freight terminals of the Illinois Central, known as the Stuyvesant docks.

Nearly a dozen squares of modern wharves and freight sheds, two magnificent grain elevators, hundreds of loaded cars and vast quantities of freight, including 20,000 bales of cotton, were destroyed, together with a large number of small residences. The fire was still raging furiously at midnight, at which time it had almost reached the upper end of the Illinois Central property.

It has not been determined whether there has been any loss of life. The ocean-going shipping seems to have escaped serious damage. A number of firemen and employees of the docks were injured. Actual estimates of the losses are impossible yet, though they may exceed \$5,000,000.

The Stuyvesant docks extend from Louisiana avenue almost to Napoleon avenue, a distance of twelve squares. The wharves between these two points were covered with miles of trackage and steel and iron shed ran the whole distance.

## CUTICURA GROWS HAIR.

Scalp Cleared of Dandruff and Hair Restored by One Box of Cuticura and One Cake of Cuticura Soap.

A. W. Taft of Independence, Va., writing under date of Sept. 15, 1904, says: "I have had falling hair and dandruff for twelve years and could get nothing to help me. Finally I bought one box of Cuticura Ointment and one cake of Cuticura Soap, and they cleared my scalp of the dandruff and stopped the hair falling. Now my hair is growing as well as ever. I am highly pleased with Cuticura Soap as a toilet soap. (Signed) A. W. Taft, Independence, Va."

Some married women not only have the last word but all the rest of them.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Knapley, Vanhuren, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

Some men are born kickers and some are victims of dyspepsia.

Defiance Starch should be in every household, none so good, besides 4 oz. more for 10 cents than any other brand of cold water starch.

One of the most dangerous things in the world is an empty gun in the hands of a loaded man.

"I Went Home to Die from Gravel Trouble, Doctors Failed, Dr. J. C. W. Brown, Petersburg, N. Y., cured me."—Mrs. C. W. Brown, Petersburg, N. Y.

The Washington Post says that St. Petersburg is having a Denver election day sort of a time.

## TEA

Do you think the only differences in tea are a few cents a pound?

A goat's head is sufficient proof that a striking countenance doesn't always indicate brains.

## Conviction Follows Trial

When buying loose coffee or anything your grocer happens to have in his bin, how do you know what you are getting? Some queer stories about coffee that is sold in bulk, could be told, if the people who handle it (grocers), cared to speak out.

Could any amount of mere talk have persuaded millions of housekeepers to use

## Lion Coffee,

the leader of all package coffees for over a quarter of a century, if they had not found it superior to all other brands in Purity, Strength, Flavor and Uniformity?

This popular success of LION COFFEE can be due only to inherent merit. There is no stronger proof of merit than continued and increasing popularity.

If the verdict of MILLIONS OF HOUSEKEEPERS does not convince you of the merits of LION COFFEE, it costs you but a trifle to buy a package. It is the easiest way to convince yourself, and to make you a PERMANENT PURCHASER.

LION COFFEE is sold only in 1 lb. sealed packages, and reaches you as pure and clean as when it left our factory.

Look for the lion on every package. Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.

**SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE**

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

## W. L. DOUGLAS

UNION MADE. \$3.50 & \$3.00 SHOES FOR MEN.

W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. They are just as good as those that cost from \$5.00 to \$7.00. The only difference is the price. W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes cost more to make, hold their shape better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other \$3.50 shoe on the market today. W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom of each shoe. Look for it. Take no substitute. W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes are sold through his own retail stores in the principal cities, and by shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, W. L. Douglas shoes are within your reach.

**NEVER TAKE OTHER MARKS AT ANY PRICE.**

"For the last three years I have worn W. L. Douglas shoes and find them just what I need, but better than any shoe that I ever had, regardless of price."—Chris J. Farrell, Cashier, The Capital National Bank, Indianapolis, Ind.

Buy wear W. L. Douglas \$3.50 and \$2.00 shoes because they fit better, hold their shape, and wear longer than other makes.

**W. L. DOUGLAS \$4.00 SHOES CANNOT BE EQUALLED AT ANY PRICE.**

W. L. Douglas uses European Cutlery in his \$3.50 shoes. Giving credit is considered to be the finest patent leather produced.

**FAST COLOR BY ELEPHANT WILL NOT WEAR BEHIND.**

W. L. Douglas has the largest shoe and outfit business in the world. No trouble to get a fit by mail. See extra postage delivery. If you desire further information, write for Illustrated Catalogue of Spring Styles.

**W. L. DOUGLAS, BROOKTON, MASSACHUSETTS**

## ONLY \$25.00 TO CALIFORNIA

MARCH 1ST TO MAY 15TH

IN TOURIST SLEEPER OR CHAIR CARS.

Our 8 p. m. daily train carries a tourist sleeper

Denver to Los Angeles without change.

Comfortable and economical.

Write J. P. Hall of A. T. & S. F. Ry., 1700 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.

Why It is the Best

is because made by an entirely different process. Defiance Starch is unlike any other, better and one-third more for 10 cents.

**LEARN THE MILLINERY TRADE**

and earn from \$10 to \$50 a week at your own home while learning. For full particulars write at once to NATIONAL MILLINERY SCHOOL, 1725 Washington Street, Dept. 1, Chicago.

**Free Book**

will be sent free postpaid upon request. This book is of a limited quantity, handsomely illustrated throughout and tells of an experience of over thirty years in the treatment of Crooked Feet, Spinal Deformities, Infantile Paralysis, Hip Disease, Deformed Limbs and Joints, etc. It tells of the thoroughly equipped Sanitarium in this country devoted exclusively to the treatment of these conditions and how they may be cured without surgical operations, blisters or other severe treatment. Send for this book, and if directly interested, mention character of the affliction, possible character of the affliction, possible character of the affliction, possible character of the affliction.

**THE L. C. MCCLAIN ORTHOPEDIC SANITARIUM, 2404 PARK STREET, ST. LOUIS, MO.**

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

of

In Use

For Over

Thirty Years

**CASTORIA**

THE CENTRAL COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Facsimile Signature of

NEW YORK.

At 6 months old

35 Doses - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

Defiance Starch

One of the most dangerous things in the world is an empty gun in the hands of a loaded man.

"I Went Home to Die from Gravel Trouble, Doctors Failed, Dr. J. C. W. Brown, Petersburg, N. Y., cured me."—Mrs. C. W. Brown, Petersburg, N. Y.

The Washington Post says that St. Petersburg is having a Denver election day sort of a time.

Do you think the only differences in tea are a few cents a pound?

A goat's head is sufficient proof that a striking countenance doesn't always indicate brains.

When buying loose coffee or anything your grocer happens to have in his bin, how do you know what you are getting?

Some queer stories about coffee that is sold in bulk, could be told, if the people who handle it (grocers), cared to speak out.

Could any amount of mere talk have persuaded millions of housekeepers to use

**Lion Coffee,**

the leader of all package coffees for over a quarter of a century, if they had not found it superior to all other brands in Purity, Strength, Flavor and Uniformity?

This popular success of LION COFFEE can be due only to inherent merit. There is no stronger proof of merit than continued and increasing popularity.

If the verdict of MILLIONS OF HOUSEKEEPERS does not convince you of the merits of LION COFFEE, it costs you but a trifle to buy a package. It is the easiest way to convince yourself, and to make you a PERMANENT PURCHASER.

LION COFFEE is sold only in 1 lb. sealed packages, and reaches you as pure and clean as when it left our factory.

Look for the lion on every package. Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.

**SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE**

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

**W. L. DOUGLAS**

UNION MADE. \$3.50 & \$3.00 SHOES FOR MEN.

W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. They are just as good as those that cost from \$5.00 to \$7.00. The only difference is the price. W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes cost more to make, hold their shape better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other \$3.50 shoe on the market today. W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom of each shoe. Look for it. Take no substitute. W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes are sold through his own retail stores in the principal cities, and by shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, W. L. Douglas shoes are within your reach.

**NEVER TAKE OTHER MARKS AT ANY PRICE.**

"For the last three years I have worn W. L. Douglas shoes and find them just what I need, but better than any shoe that I ever had, regardless of price."—Chris J. Farrell, Cashier, The Capital National Bank, Indianapolis, Ind.

Buy wear W. L. Douglas \$3.50 and \$2.00 shoes because they fit better, hold their shape, and wear longer than other makes.

**W. L. DOUGLAS \$4.00 SHOES CANNOT BE EQUALLED AT ANY PRICE.**

W. L. Douglas uses European Cutlery in his \$3.50 shoes. Giving credit is considered to be the finest patent leather produced.

**FAST COLOR BY ELEPHANT WILL NOT WEAR BEHIND.**

W. L. Douglas has the largest shoe and outfit business in the world. No trouble to get a fit by mail. See extra postage delivery. If you desire further information, write for Illustrated Catalogue of Spring Styles.

**W. L. DOUGLAS, BROOKTON, MASSACHUSETTS**

**ONLY \$25.00 TO CALIFORNIA**

MARCH 1ST TO MAY 15TH

IN TOURIST SLEEPER OR CHAIR CARS.

Our 8 p. m. daily train carries a tourist sleeper

Denver to Los Angeles without change.

Comfortable and economical.

Write J. P. Hall of A. T. & S. F. Ry., 1700 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.

Why It is the Best

is because made by an entirely different process. Defiance Starch is unlike any other, better and one-third more for 10 cents.

**LEARN THE MILLINERY TRADE**

and earn from \$10 to \$50 a week at your own home while learning. For full particulars write at once to NATIONAL MILLINERY SCHOOL, 1725 Washington Street, Dept. 1, Chicago.

**Free Book**

will be sent free postpaid upon request. This book is of a limited quantity, handsomely illustrated throughout and tells of an experience of over thirty years in the treatment of Crooked Feet, Spinal Deformities, Infantile Paralysis, Hip Disease, Deformed Limbs and Joints, etc. It tells of the thoroughly equipped Sanitarium in this country devoted exclusively to the treatment of these conditions and how they may be cured without surgical operations, blisters or other severe treatment. Send for this book, and if directly interested, mention character of the affliction, possible character of the affliction, possible character of the affliction, possible character of the affliction.

**THE L. C. MCCLAIN ORTHOPEDIC SANITARIUM, 2404 PARK STREET, ST. LOUIS, MO.**

**CASTORIA**

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

of

In Use

For Over

Thirty Years

**CASTORIA**

THE CENTRAL COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.